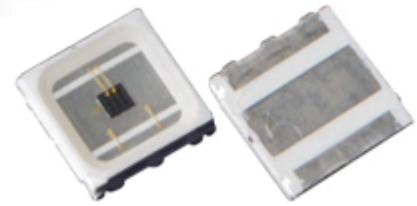




## SMB1N-735

- Red High Power LED
- 735 nm, 200 mW
- SMD package, PA9T
- Dimension: 5.0 x 5.2 x 1.0 mm
- Viewing Angle: 130°



### Description



**SMB1N-735** is a surface mount AlGaAs High Power LED with a typical peak wavelength of **735 nm** and radiation of **200 mW**. It comes in SMD package (PA9T) with silver plated soldering pads (lead free solderable), copper heat sink, and molded with silicone resin.

### Maximum Ratings ( $T_{CASE}=25^{\circ}C$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Values		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
Power Dissipation	$P_D$		2000	mW
Forward Current	$I_F$		800	mA
Pulse Forward Current * <sup>1</sup>	$I_{FP}$		2000	mA
Reverse Voltage	$V_F$		5	V
Thermal Resistance	$R_{THJA}$		10	KW
Junction Temperature	$T_J$		120	°C
Operating Temperature	$T_{CASE}$	- 40	+ 100	°C
Storage Temperature	$T_{STG}$	- 40	+ 100	°C
Lead Solder Temperature * <sup>2</sup>	$T_{SLD}$		+ 250	°C

\*<sup>1</sup> duty=1%, pulse width = 10  $\mu$ s

\*<sup>2</sup> must be completed within 5 seconds

### Electro-Optical Characteristics ( $T_{CASE}=25^{\circ}C$ )

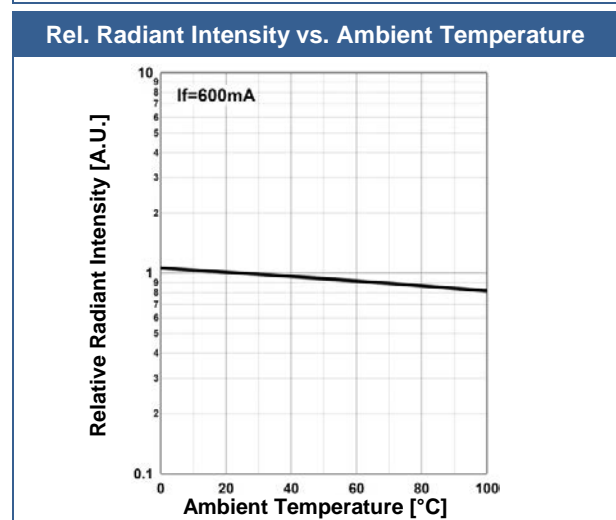
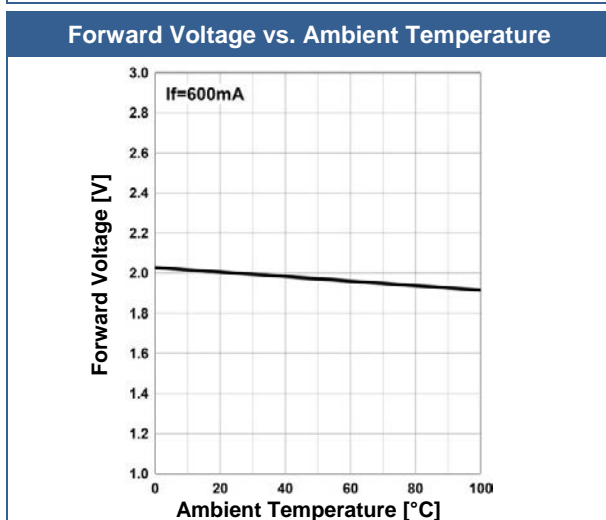
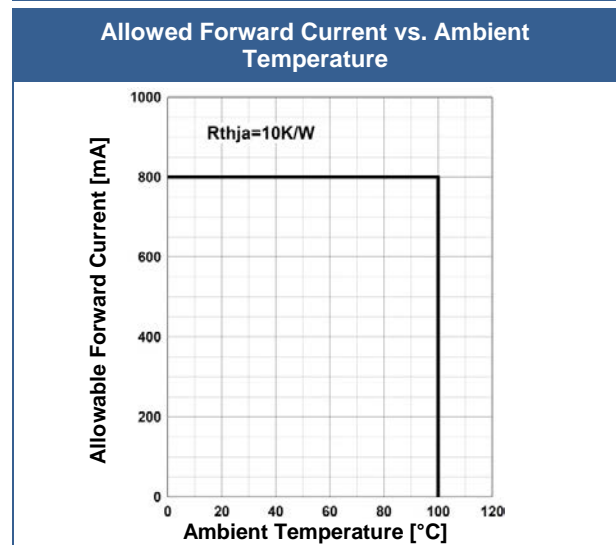
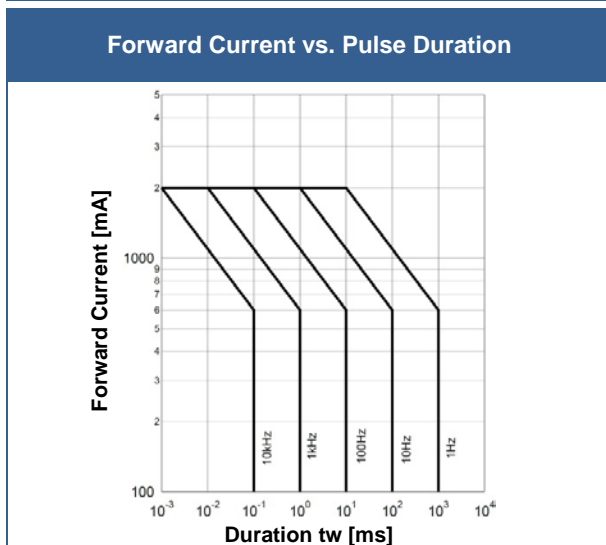
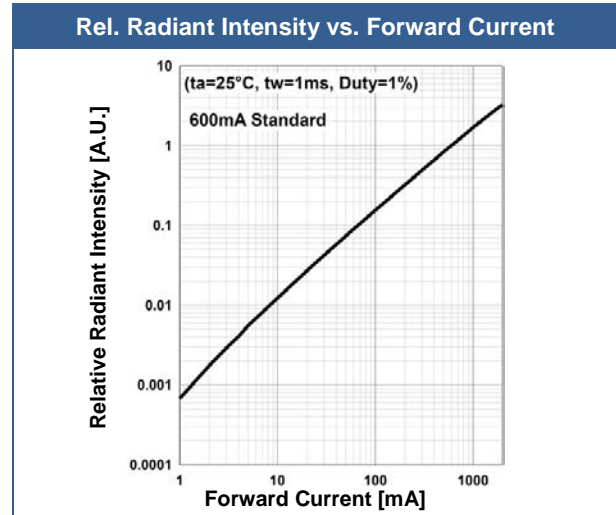
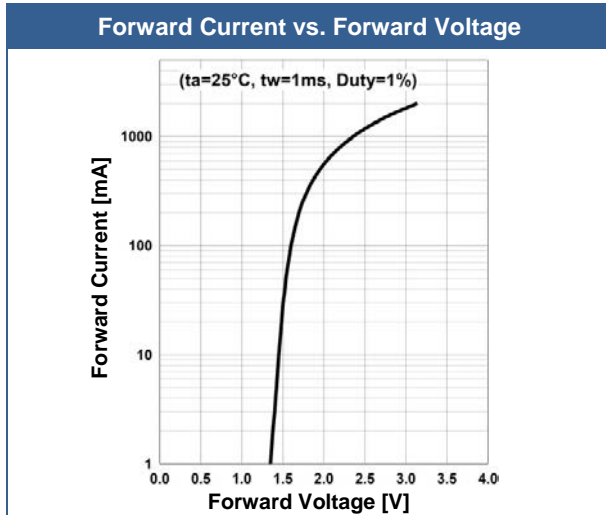
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Peak Wavelength	$\lambda_P$	$I_F=600mA$	725	735	745	nm
Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	$I_F=600mA$		25		nm
Forward Voltage	$V_F$	$I_F=600mA$		2.0	2.3	V
	$V_{FP}$	$I_{FP}=2A$		3.2		
Radiated Power * <sup>1</sup>	$P_O$	$I_F=600mA$		200		mW
		$I_{FP}=2A$		650		
Radiant Intensity * <sup>2</sup>	$I_E$	$I_F=600mA$		65		mW/sr
		$I_{FP}=2A$		210		
Viewing Angle	$\varphi$	$I_F=100mA$		130		deg.
Rise Time	$t_R$	$I_F=600mA$		50		ns
Fall Time	$t_F$	$I_F=600mA$		50		ns

\*<sup>1</sup> measured by S3584-08

\*<sup>2</sup> measured by Tektronix J-6512

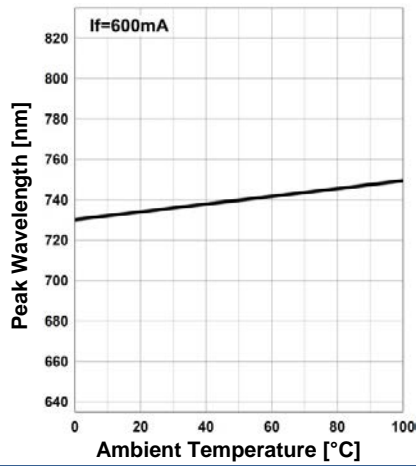


## Typical Performance Curves

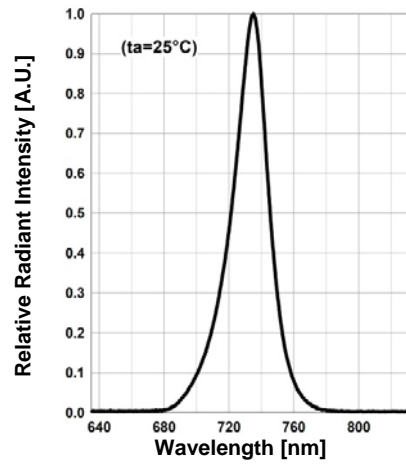




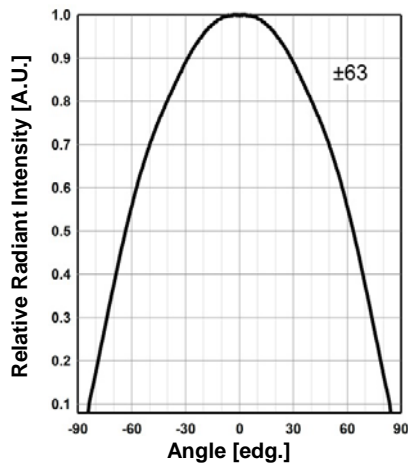
Peak Wavelength vs. Ambient Temperature



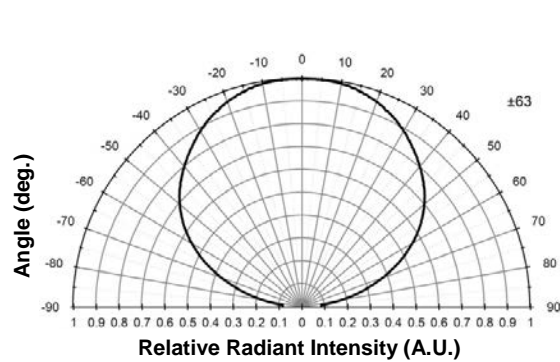
Relative Spectral Emission



Radiation Characteristics



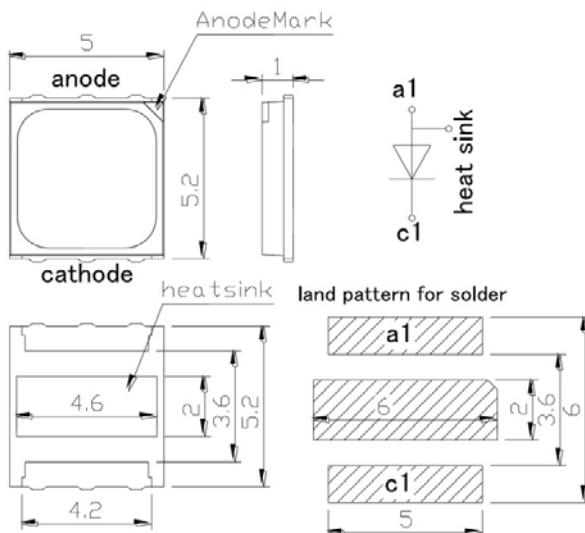
Radiation Characteristics



## Outline Dimensions

SMB1N

flat



Lead	Description
Pin a1	LED Anode
Pin c1	LED Cathode

All Dimensions in mm



## Precautions

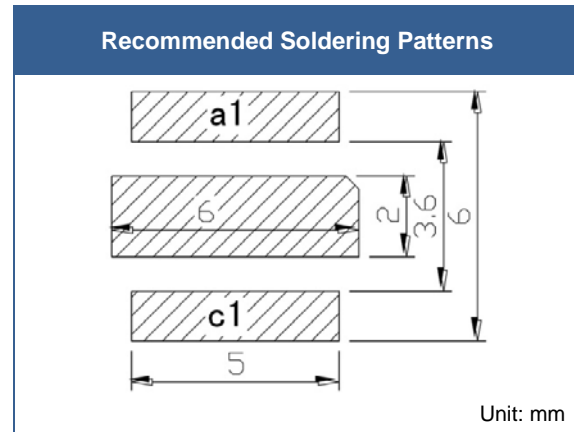
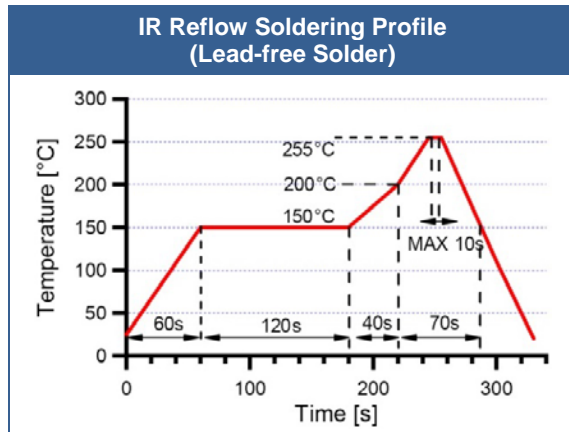
### Soldering:

- Do avoid overheating of the LED
- Do avoid electrostatic discharge (ESD)
- Do avoid mechanical stress, shock, and vibration
- Do only use non-corrosive flux
- Do not apply current to the LED until it has cooled down to room temperature after soldering

### Recommended soldering conditions:

This LED is designed to be reflow soldered on to a PCB. If dip soldered or hand soldered, its reliability cannot be guaranteed.

Nitrogen reflow soldering is recommended. Air flow soldering conditions can cause optical degradation, caused by heat and/or atmosphere.



Above table specifies the maximum allowed duration and temperature during soldering. It is strongly advised to perform soldering at the shortest time and lowest temperature possible.

### Cleaning:

**Cleaning with isopropyl alcohol, propanol, or ethyl alcohol is recommended**

DO NOT USE acetone, chloroform, trichloroethylene, or MKS

DO NOT USE ultrasonic cleaners

### Static Electricity:

**LEDs are sensitive to electrostatic discharge (ESD).** Precautions against ESD must be taken when handling or operating these LEDs. Surge voltage or electrostatic discharge can result in complete failure of the device.

### Radiation:

During operation these LEDs do emit **high intensity light**, which is hazardous to skin and eyes, and may cause cancer. Do avoid exposure to the emitted light. **Protective glasses are recommended.** It is further advised to attach a warning label on products/systems.

### Operation:

**Do only operate LEDs with a current source.**

Running these LEDs from a voltage source will result in complete failure of the device.

Current of a LED is an exponential function of the voltage across it. Usage of current regulated drive circuits is mandatory.