

ROITHNER LASERTECHNIK GMBH

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B5-435-30S



TECHNICAL DATA

LED, 5 mm **AIGaInP**

B5-435-30S is a AlGaInP LED mounted on a lead frame with a clear epoxy lens. On forward bias it emits a band of orange light with a peak at 610 nm.

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Specifications

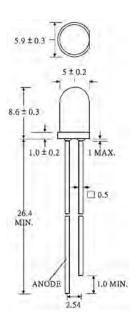
Structure: AlGaInP

Peak Wavelength: typ. 610 nm Optical Output Power: typ. 4 cd Package: 5 mm clear epoxy

Absolute Maximum Ratings ($T_a=25$ °C)

Item	Symbol	Value	Unit
Power Dissipation	P_{D}	120	mW
Forward Current	I _F	50	mΑ
Pulse Forward Current *1	urrent *1 I _{FP} 100		mA
Reverse Voltage	V_R	5	V
Operating Temperature	T_{opr}	-40 +85	°C
Storage Temperature	T_{stg}	-40 +100	°C
Soldering Temperature *2	T_{sol}	260	°C

^{*1 1/10} duty cycle @ 1 KHz



(Unit: mm)

Electro-Optical Characteristics

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Forward Voltage	V_{F}	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$	ı	2.0	2.4	V
Reverse Current	I _R	$V_R = 5 V$	ı	ı	10	μA
Luminous Intensity	I _V	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$	2.6	4.0	-	cd
Peak Wavelength	λ_{P}	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$	ı	610	-	nm
Dominant Wavelength	λ_{D}	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$	ı	605	-	nm
Half Width	Δλ	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$	ı	20	-	nm
Viewing Angle *	2Θ _{1/2}	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$	-	15	-	deg.

^{*} Tolerance: -10 / +5 deg.

Notes

- Do not view directly into the emitting area of the LED during operation!
- The above specifications are for reference purpose only and subjected to change without prior notice.



^{*2 1.6}mm from body, must be completed within 3 seconds

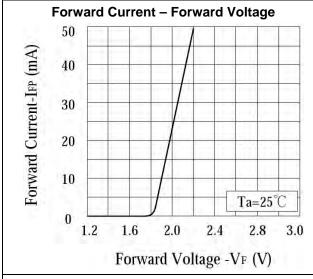


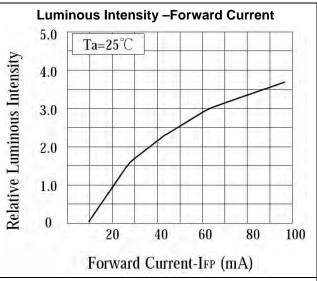
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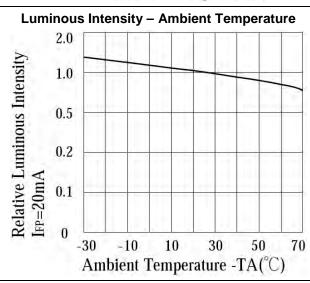


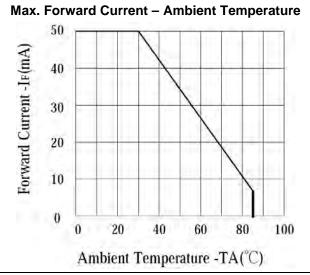
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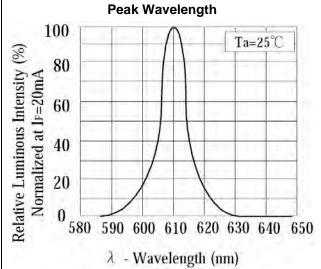
Typical Performance Curves

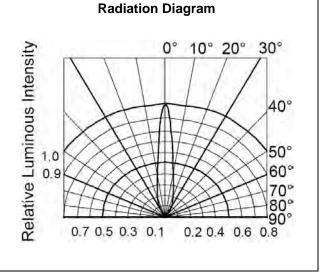














Precaution for Use

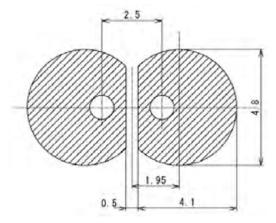
1. Cautions

 DO NOT look directly into the emitted light or look through the optical system. To prevent in adequate exposure of the radiation, wear protective glasses.

2. Lead Forming

- When forming leads, the leads should be bent at a point at least 3 mm from the base of the lead. DO NOT use the base of the leadframe as a fulcrum during lead forming.
- Lead forming should be done before soldering.
- DO NOT apply any bending stress to the base of the lead. The stress to the base may damage the LED's characteristics or it may break the LEDs.
- When mounted the LEDs onto the printed circuit board, the holes on the circuit board should be exactly aligned with the leads of LEDs. If the LEDs are mounted with stress at the leads, it causes deterioration of the lead and it will degrade the LEDs.

Recommended Land Layout (Unit: mm)



3. Soldering Conditions

- Solder the LEDs no closer than 3 mm from the base of the lead.
- DO NOT apply any stress to the lead particularly when heat.
- The LEDs must not be reposition after soldering.
- After soldering the LEDs, the lead should be protected from mechanical shock or vibration until the LEDs return to room temperature.
- When it is necessary to clamp the LEDs to prevent soldering failure, it is important to minimize the mechanical stress on the LEDs.
- Cut the LED leads at room temperature. Cutting the leads at high temperature may cause the failure of the LEDs.

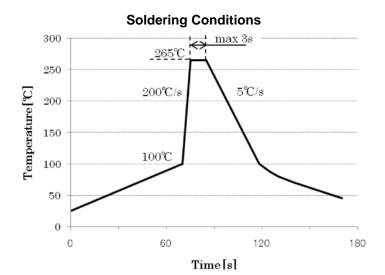


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4. Static Electricity

- The LEDs are very sensitive to Static Electricity and surge voltage. So it is recommended that a wrist band or an anti-electrostatic glove be used when handling the LEDs.
- All devices, equipment and machinery must be grounded properly. It is recommended that precautions should be taken against surge voltage to the equipment that mounts the LEDs.