Rev. A2

LED570-03

- Green LED
- 570 nm, 0.75 mW
- Chip: AlGaInP, 300 x 300 μm, 1 pc.
- 5 mm Clear Molding, Epoxy Resin
- Viewing Angle: 24°





Description

LED570-03 contains one AlGaInP LED chip die with a typical peak wavelength of **570 nm** and radiation power of **0.75 mW**. It comes in Ø5 mm clear molding package with soldered lead frame (lead free) and lens molded with epoxy resin.

Maximum Ratings (TCASE=25°C)

5	0 1	Val	11.26	
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit
Power Dissipation	P_D		50	mW
Forward Current	IF		20	mA
Pulse Forward Current *1	I _{FP}		100	mA
Reverse Voltage	V_R		5	V
Thermal Resistance	RTHJA		300	K/W
Junction Temperature	T_J		100	°C
Operating Temperature	T_{CASE}	- 40	+ 85	°C
Storage Temperature	T _{STG}	- 40	+ 100	°C
Lead Solder Temperature *2	T_{SLD}		+ 265	°C

^{*1} duty=1%, pulse width = 10 μ s

Electro-Optical Characteristics (TCASE=25°C)

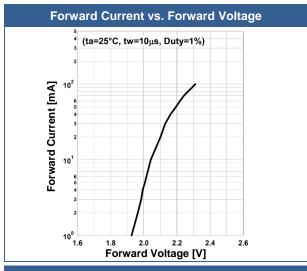
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Values Typ.	Max.	Unit	
Peak Wavelength	λ_P	I _F =20mA	560		580	nm	
Dominant Wavelength	λ_D	I _F =20mA		568			
Half Width	$\Delta \lambda$	I _F =20mA		11		nm	
Compared Voltage	VF	I _F =20mA		2.1	2.3	V	
Forward Voltage	V_{FP}	I _{FP} =100mA		2.3		V	
Radiated Power *1	Po	I _F =20mA		0.75		mW	
Radiated Power		I _{FP} =100mA		4.0			
Dadient Intensity *2	1_	I _F =20mA		3.9		m2\///2 r	
Radiant Intensity *2	ΙE	I _{FP} =100mA		21		mW/sr	
Luminous Flux	ΦV	I _F =20mA		500		mlm	
Viewing Angle	2θ _{1/2}	I _F =20mA		24		deg.	
Rise Time	t r	I _F =20mA		50		ns	
Fall Time	t f	I _F =20mA		30		ns	

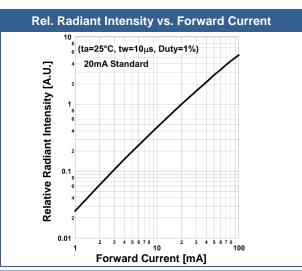
^{*1} measured by S3584-08

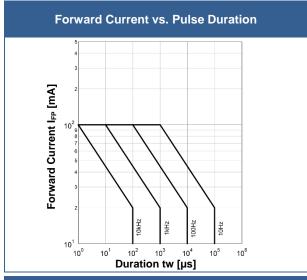
^{*2} must be completed within 5 seconds

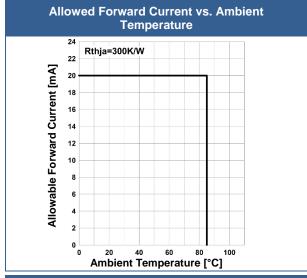
^{*2} measured by CIE127-2007 Condition B

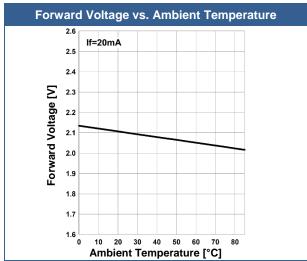
Typical Performance Curves

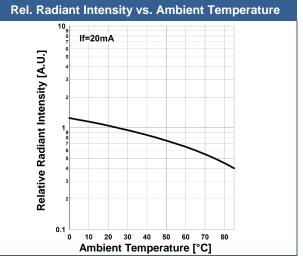










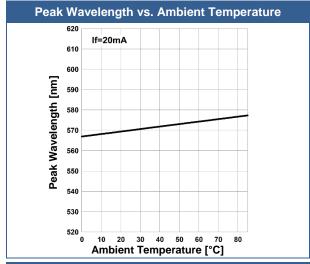


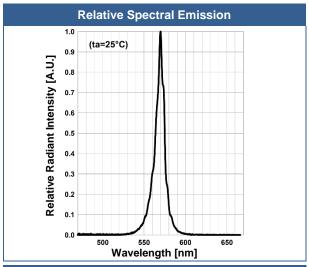


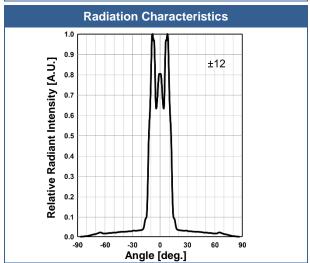
ROITHNER LASERTECHNIK GmbH

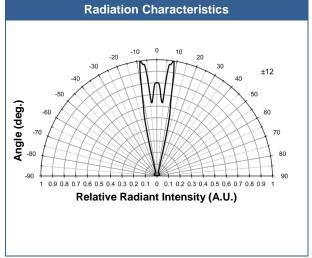
WIEDNER HAUPTSTRASSE 76 IO40 VIENNA AUSTRIA TEL. +43 I 586 52 43 -0, FAX. -44 OFFICE@ROITHNER-LASER.COM



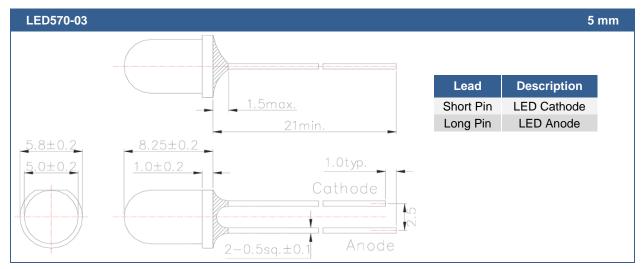








Outline Dimensions



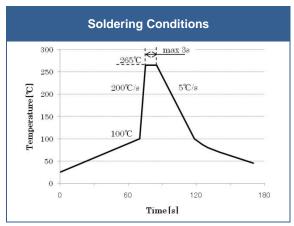
All Dimensions in mm

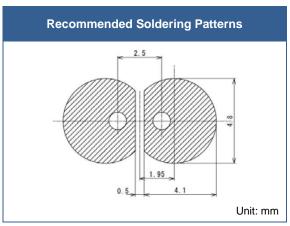
Precautions

Soldering:

- Do avoid overheating of the LED
- Do avoid electrostatic discharge (ESD)
- Do avoid mechanical stress, shock, and vibration
- Do only use non-corrosive flux
- Do not apply current to the LED until it has cooled down to room temperature after soldering

Recommended soldering conditions:





Above table specifies the maximum allowed duration and temperature during soldering. It is strongly advised to perform soldering at the shortest time and lowest temperature possible.

Cleaning:

Cleaning with isopropyl alcohol, propanol, or ethyl alcohol is recommended

DO NOT USE acetone, chloroseen, trichloroethylene, or MKS

DO NOT USE ultrasonic cleaners

Static Electricity:

LEDs are sensitive to electrostatic discharge (ESD). Precautions against ESD must be taken when handling or operating these LEDs. Surge voltage or electrostatic discharge can result in complete failure of the device.

Radiation:

During operation these LEDs do emit light, which could be hazardous to skin and eyes, and may cause cancer. Do avoid exposure to the emitted light. Protective glasses if needed. It is further advised to attach a warning label on products/systems.

Operation:

Do only operate LEDs with a current source.

Running these LEDs from a voltage source will result in complete failure of the device.

Current of a LED is an exponential function of the voltage across it. Usage of current regulated drive circuits is mandatory.

Revisions History

Rel.	Rel. Date	Chapter	Modification	Page
A2	2020-06-30	Typical Performance Curves	Forward Current vs. Pulse Duration Duration tw: µs (previously ms)	2
A1	2020-05-20	-	Initial release	-

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