

UVLED375-SMD

TECHNICAL DATA

375 nm SMD UVLED

Features

- Zener diode is built in the protective circuit against static electricity
- Low Voltage DC Operated
- High Power Intensity
- Complies with RoHS Directive



Specifications (25°C)

Туре	Symbol	Value	Unit			
Absolute Maximum Ratings						
DC Forward Current	I _F	25	mA			
Peak Pulse Forward Current *	I _{FP}	80	mA			
Allowable Reverse Current	I _R	85	mA			
Power Dissipation	PD	100	mW			
Operating Temperature	T _{OP}	-30 +85	C°			
Storage Temperature	T _{STG}	-40 +100	٥C			
Soldering Temperature (reflow, 10 s)	T _{SOL}	260	C°			
Soldering Temperature (hand, 3 s)	T _{SOL}	350	D°			

* Note: 1/10 duty cycle, <10 ms pulse width

Characteristics	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit		
Electrical Specification							
Forward Current	I _F	-	20	-	mA		
Forward Voltage *1	V _F	-	3.6	4.0	V		
Optical Specification							
Output Power	Po	4.8	-	9.6	mW		
Peak Wavelength *3	λ _P	370	375	380	nm		
Spectrum Half Width	λ		15		nm		
Viewing Angel	φ		100		deg.		

* Note:

1. Forward voltage measurement tolerance is ± 0.2 V

2. Optical ouput measurement tolerance is $\pm 10\%$

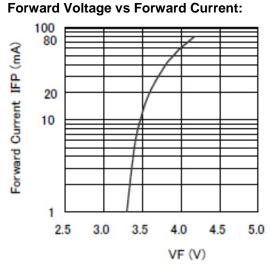
3. Peak wavelength measurement tolerance is ± 3 nm

Device Materials

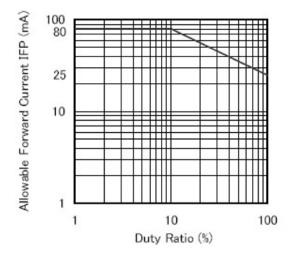
ltem	Material
Package	Ceramics
Encapsulating Resin	Silicone Resin
Electrodes	Au Plating



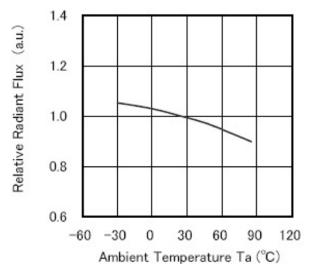
Typical Performance Curves



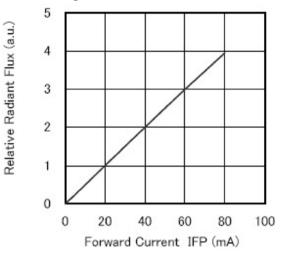
Duty Ratio vs Allowable Forward Current:



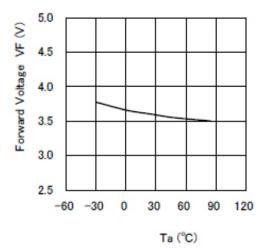
Ambient Temp. vs. Relative Output Power:



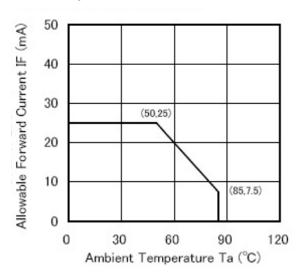
Forward Voltage vs relative radiant Flux :

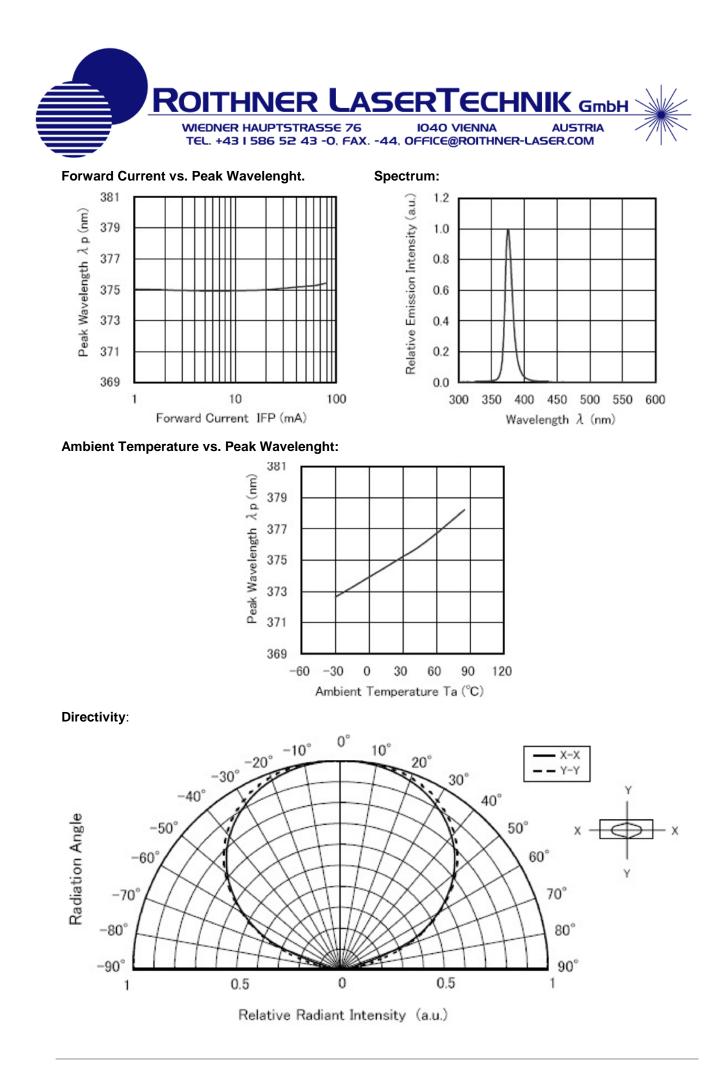


Ambient Temperature vs. Forward Voltage:



Ambient Temp. vs Allowable Forward Current:







Reliability

1. Test items and result

No.	Test Item	Standard Test Methode	Test Conditions	Note	Sample s	Passed
1	Steady State Operating Life		I _F =25mA, Ta=25°C	1000 Hr	50	50/50
2	High Temp. Steady State Operating Life		I _F =7.5mA, Ta=85°C	1000 Hr	50	50/50
3	High Temp. High Humidity Steady State		Ta=60°C, RH=90%, I _F =20mA	500 Hr	50	50/50
4	Low Temp. Steady State Operating Life		I _F =20mA, Ta=-30°C	1000 Hr	50	50/50
5	Reflow Soldering	JEITA ED-4701 330 301	Tsol=260 ± 5°C, 10sec	2 Times	50	50/50
6	Reflow Solderability	JEITA ED-4701 330 303	Tsol=215 ± 5°C, 3sec	1 Time >95%	50	50/50
7	Themal Shock	JEITA ED-4701 330 307	0°C +100°C (15 s)	20 cycles	50	50/50
8	Temperature Cycle	JEITA ED-4701 100 105	-40°C ~ 25°C ~ 100°C ~ 25°C 30min. 5min. 30min. 5min.	100 cycles	50	50/50
9	Moisture Resistance Cycle	JEITA ED-4701 200 203	25°C ~ 65°C ~ -10°C 90%RH 24hrs./1 cycle	10 cycles	50	50/50
10	High Temperature Storage	JEITA ED-4701 200 201	Ta=100°C	1000 Hr	50	50/50
11	Low Temperature Storage	JEITA ED-4701 200 202	Ta=-40°C	1000 Hr	50	50/50
12	Vibration	JEITA ED-4701 400 403	100 ~ 2k ~ 100HZ sweep 4min. 200m/s², 3directions, 4 cycles	48min	50	50/50

2. Criteria for judging the damage

Item	Symbol	Test Conditions	Criteria for Judgment		
nem	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Max.	
Forward Voltage	V _F	I _F =20mA	-	U.S.L x 1.1	
Optical Power Ouput	Po	I _F =20mA	L.S.L x 0.7	-	

* Note:

1. U.S.L: Upper Standard Level

2. L.S.L: Lower Standard Level



Precaution for Use

1. Cautions

- This device is a UV LED, which radiates intense UV light during operation.
- DO NOT look directly into the UV light or look through the optical system. To prevent inadequate exposure of UV radiation, wearing UV protective glasses is recommended

2. Moisture Proof Package

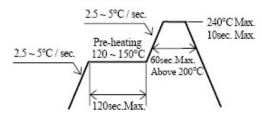
• When moisture is absorbed into the SMD package, it may vaporize and expand during soldering. This can cause exfoliation of the contacts, alter the optical characteristics of the LED, and may irreversible damage the LED.

3. Soldering

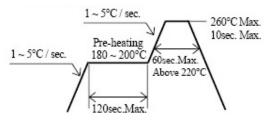
- The LEDs should be sodered using the reflow soldering method. Function of the LEDs can not be guaranteed after assembling was done using dip soldering method
- Recommended soldering conditions:

	Reflow Se	Dip Soldering	
	Lead Solder	Lead-free Solder	
Pre-Heat	120 …150°C	180200°C	-
Pre-Heat Time	max 120 s	max 120 s	-
Peak Temperature	240°C	260°C	max 350°C.
Soldering time	max 10 s	max 10 s	max 3 s
Condition	Please see graph below	Please see graph below	-

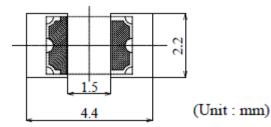
Lead Solder:



Lead free Solder:



Recommended Solder Pad design (unit mm):



- Soldering at the lowest possible temperatures is desireable for the LEDs.
- Occasionally there is a decrease in LEDs brightness due to the influence of heat or ambient atmoshere during soldering. Nitrogen reflow soldering is recommended therefor.
- LEDs encapsulation material is silicone. Therefor the LEDs surface is soft and must not be exposed to strong pressure during soldering.

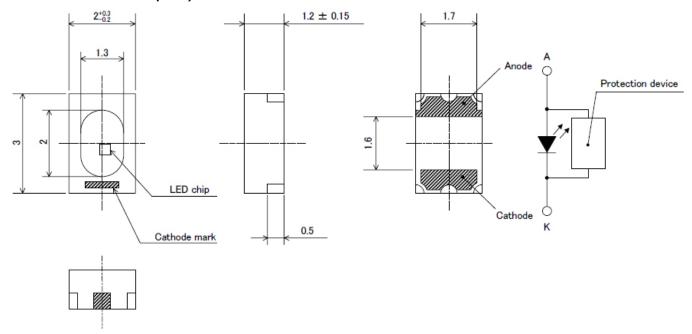


4. Static Electricity

- The LEDs are very sensitive to Static Electricity and surge voltage. So it is recommended that a wrist band or an anti-electrostatic glove be used when handling the LEDs.
- All devices, equipment and machinery must be grounded properly. It is recommended that precautions should be taken against surge voltage to the equipment that mounts the LEDs.

5. Heat Generation

• The powered LEDs generate heat. Heat dissipation should be considered in the application design to avoid the environmental conditions for operation in excess of the absolute maximum ratings.



Outline Dimensons (mm)